## **Nonlinear Equations**

In class we found that the solution to the equation

$$y\dot{y}(1+2t) = -1, \quad y(0) = \alpha$$

is given by

$$y(t) = \pm \sqrt{\alpha^2 - \log(1+2t)},\tag{1}$$

where the sign of y is the same as the sign of  $\alpha$ . Here are graphs of the solution for various  $\alpha$ .



Graphs of (1) for  $\alpha = \pm 1/2, \pm 3/2$ . Note that the interval of existence of the solution depends on what the initial condition is.

