Integral Curves: Linear Equations

In class we found that the solution to the equation

$$\dot{y} - y = e^{-t/2}$$

is

$$y(t) = Ce^t - \frac{2e^{-t/2}}{3}.$$
 (1)

Here are some integral curves of the solution.



Graphs of (1) for C = 0 (equilibrium solution, thick curve), ± 1 , and ± 2 .

In class we found that the solution to the equation

$$t\dot{y} - 2y = 2t^4$$

 \mathbf{is}

$$y(t) = t^4 + Ct^2.$$
 (2)

Here are some integral curves of the solution.



Graphs of ('intvar') for $C = 0, \pm 1$, and -2, and 2 (thick curve).

