MATH 302-010 Prof. D. A. Edwards

The Hopf Bifurcation

In class, we discussed the solutions of the following system:

$$\dot{x} = \alpha x - \omega y - x(x^2 + y^2),$$

$$\dot{y} = \omega x + \alpha y - y(x^2 + y^2).$$

We noted that the sign of α determined whether there was a stable limit cycle outside the origin, and the sign of ω determined whether the trajectories spun clockwise or counter-clockwise.



 $\alpha = -1, \omega = 1$. No limit cycle; counterclockwise rotation.

This figure shows the case where α is negative. In this case, the origin is a stable spiral. ω is positive here, so the trajectories spin inward in a counterclockwise direction.



 $\alpha = 1, \omega = -1$. Limit cycle with clockwise rotation.

This figure shows the case where α is positive. In this case, the origin is an unstable spiral and there is a stable limit cycle at r = 1. ω is negative here, so the trajectories spin in a clockwise direction.

