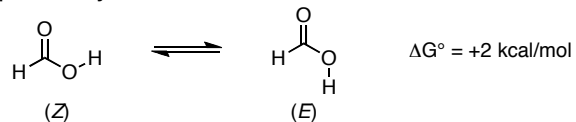


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**CHEM 633: Advanced Organic Chem: Physical**

**Problem Set 2. Due 9/22/16. Do not look up references until after you have turned in the problem set!**

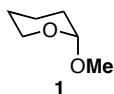
1. Using FMO arguments, please explain why the *Z* acid conformation is more stable than the *E* conformation.



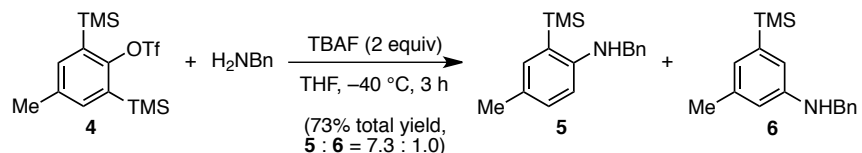
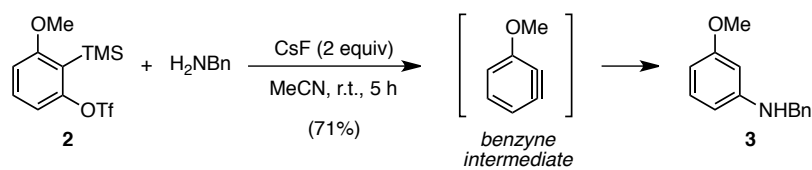
2. Please predict the lowest energy conformation of 2-chlorotetrahydropyran. Explain your answer using pictures and less than 10 words.



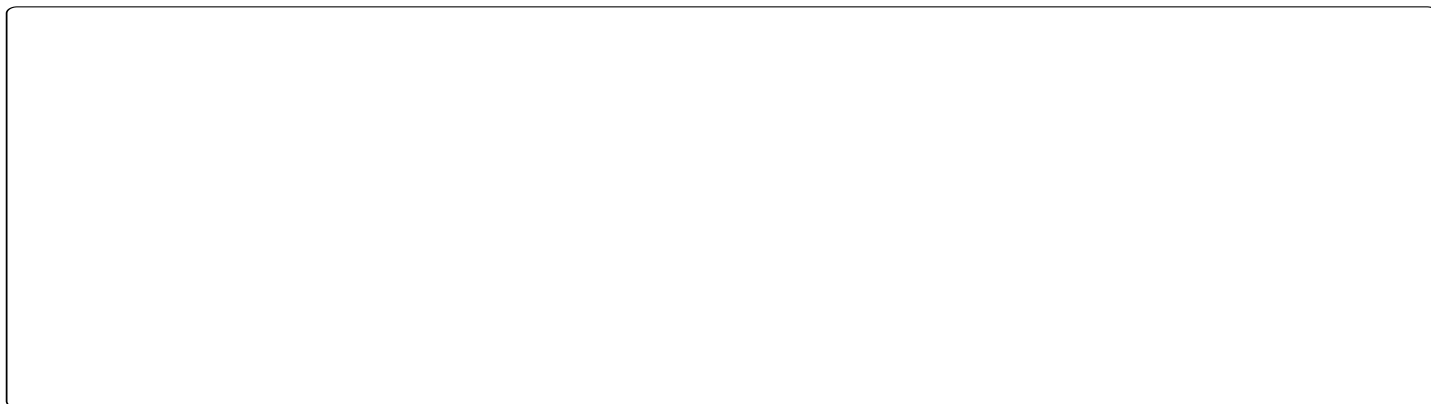
3. Where is the methyl group in the lowest energy conformation of ketal **1**? Please use Newman projections to clearly illustrate the position of the methyl group. Also, please explain your reasoning. You may use steric, electronic and/or stereoelectronic arguments.



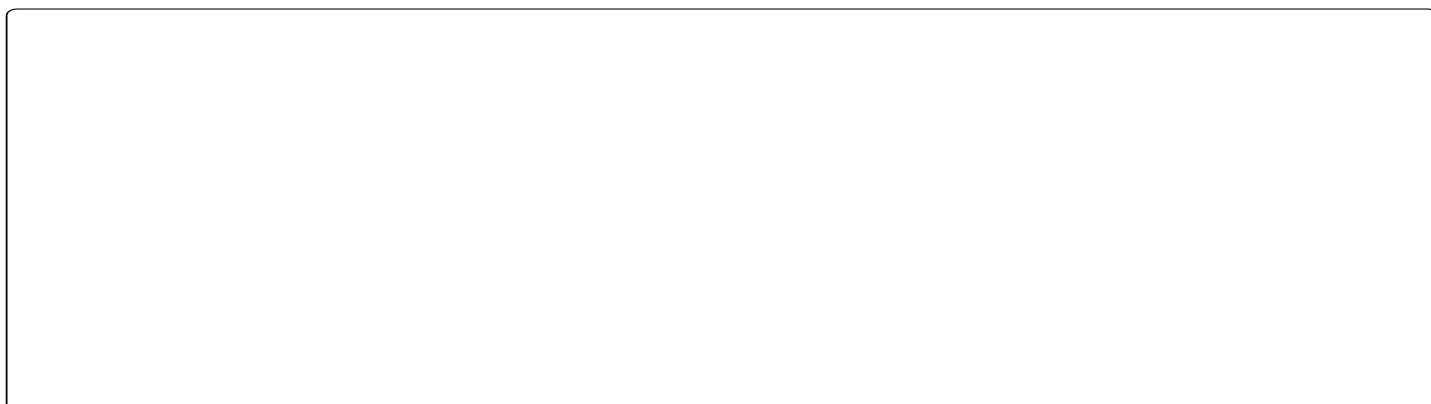
4. *ortho*-Silylaryl triflates, such as **2**, are useful substrates for generating benzyne intermediates. Larock et al. found that *meta*-substituted product **3** was the only observed product in the addition of benzyl amine to **2**. In contrast, Akai et al. observed that *ortho*-substituted aniline **5** was the major product in the reaction of **4**.



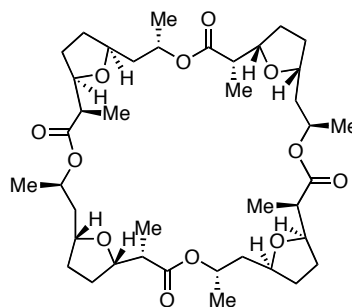
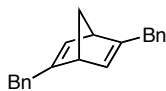
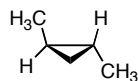
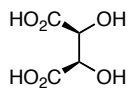
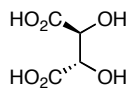
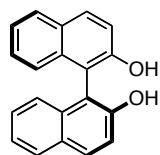
(a) Please draw a reasonable arrow-pushing mechanism for the transformation of **2** to **3**.



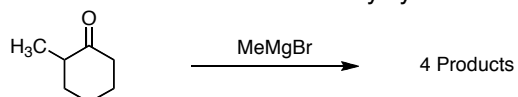
(b) Please rationalize the observed regiochemistry in both of these reactions. Specifically address why *meta* substitution is favored in one case and *ortho* in the other.



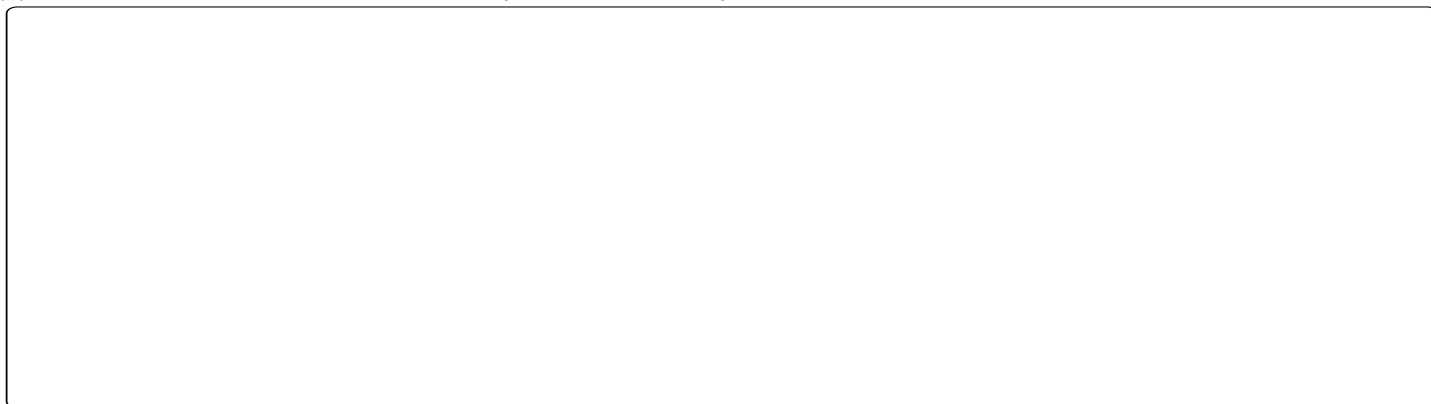
5. Are the following molecules chiral? Circle the ones that are chiral.



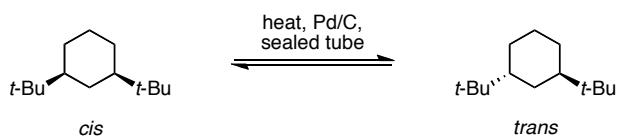
6. (a) Please draw the 4 possible products from the reaction of 2-methylcyclohexanone and methyl magnesium bromide.



(b) What are the stereochemical relationships between these products?



7. The temperature-dependent ratio of isomers of 1,3-di-*tert*-butylcyclohexane has been examined at equilibrium (*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1960**, *82*, 2393).



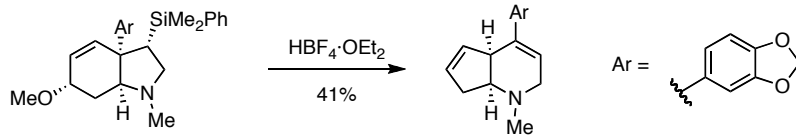
Temperature (K)	% <i>trans</i>
492.6	2.69
522.0	3.61
555.0	5.09
580.0	6.42
613.0	8.23

(a) Are the *cis* and *trans* conformations enantiomers or diastereomers?

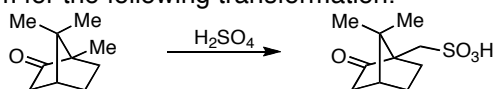
(b) Determine  $\Delta H^\circ$  and  $\Delta S^\circ$  for this process in kcal/mol and eu, respectively. Please attach your Excel worksheet and graph to the end of your problem set.

(c) Compare the measured value of  $\Delta S^\circ$  with those determined for other alkyl substituents by NMR spectroscopy (Me =  $-0.03$  eu, Et = 0.64, *i*-Pr = 2.31), and provide an explanation for the sign and magnitude of the observed value in the *t*-Bu case.

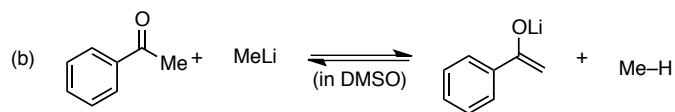
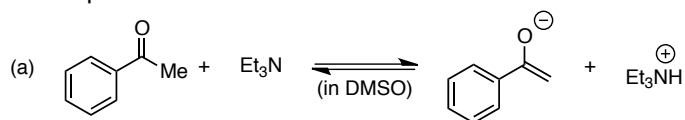
8. Propose an arrow-pushing mechanism for the following transformation.



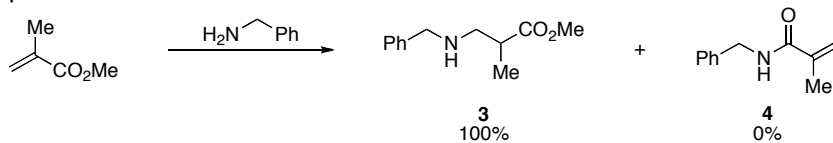
9. Propose an arrow-pushing mechanism for the following transformation.



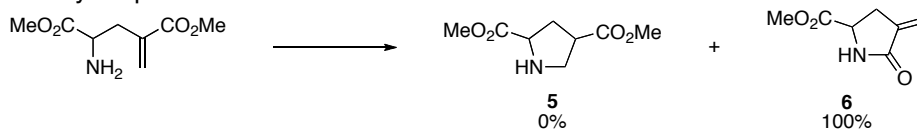
10. Please circle which side of the following equilibria will be favored. Please report the relevant  $\text{pK}_a$ 's and give  $K_{\text{eq}}$  for both equations.



11. (a) The reaction of benzylamine and methyl methacrylate results exclusively in the formation of product **3**. Please explain the selectivity for product **3** over **4**.



(b) In contrast, product **6** is the exclusive product in the intramolecular addition of an amine to a similar electrophile (Baldwin, J.; Cutting, J.; Dupont, W.; Kruse, L.; Silberman, L.; Thomas, R. *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.* **1976**, 736). Please explain the selectivity for product **6** over **5**.



12. (Grossman, Ch 2, #4) Draw reasonable arrow-pushing mechanisms for the following reactions.

