

Aging Effects on the Kinetics of Cesium Desorption from Vermiculite and Contaminated Soil. A.M. BRENNAN\* and D.L. SPARKS, Univ. of Delaware.

Radioactive  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  is a worldwide environmental problem due to soil contamination from fallout and ground disposal of liquid radioactive wastes. Since  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  remains in the soil environment for many years as a result of its strong adsorption, diffusion into clay interlayers, and long half-life (33 years), it is important to determine how aging affects  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  desorption. This study uses a batch technique to measure  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  sorption kinetics over extended periods of time (from one to 90 days) with Ca-saturated vermiculite ("zonolite" from Libby, MT). Additionally, the experiment uses an already contaminated soil sediment from Oak Ridge National Laboratory (TN) to measure desorption kinetics.

A.M. Brennan, (302) 831-1595