

$$C_p(T) \quad C_v(T)$$

Handbook page 5-5

Table 5.6

Heat Work
 dq dW

$$\oint dq \neq 0 \quad \oint dW \neq 0$$

path dependent

J. P. Joule

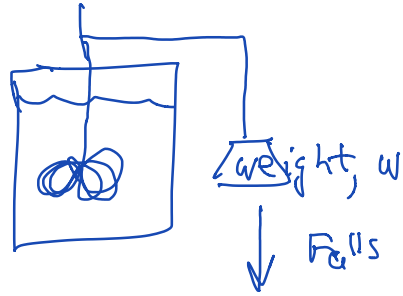


heat

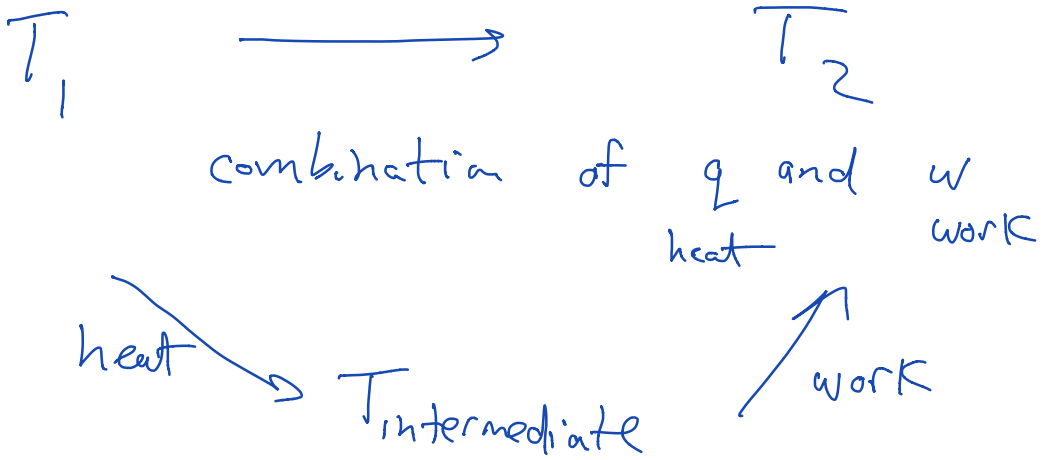
Initial Equilibrium State T_1



Final Eq State T_2



T_1
 T_2



$$= \int dq + \int dw$$

$$0 = \int (dq + dw)$$

$$0 = \int d(\underbrace{q+w}_{\text{state function}}) \dots !!!!!!$$

define a state function, U !!!

$$U = q + w$$

↑ internal energy

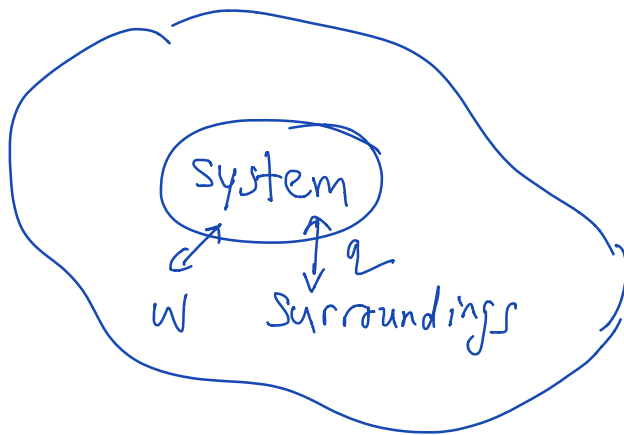
$$dU = dq + dw$$

$$\oint d(q+w) = 0$$

1st "Law" of Thermo



↑ internal "energy" of the H₂O



$$dU = dq + dw$$

$$dq_{\text{sys}} = -dq_{\text{surr.}}$$

$$dw_{\text{sys}} = -dw_{\text{surr}}$$

$$dU_{\text{TOTAL}} = dU_{\text{sys}} + dU_{\text{surr}}$$

$$= dq_{\text{sys}} + dw_{\text{sys}} + dq_{\text{surr}} + dw_{\text{surr}}$$

$$dU_{\text{TOTAL}} = dU_{\text{sys}} + dU_{\text{surr}} = 0$$

Conservation of Energy

"Break Even Law"

$$dU = dq + dw$$

$$= dq - \underbrace{P_{\text{ext}} dV}$$

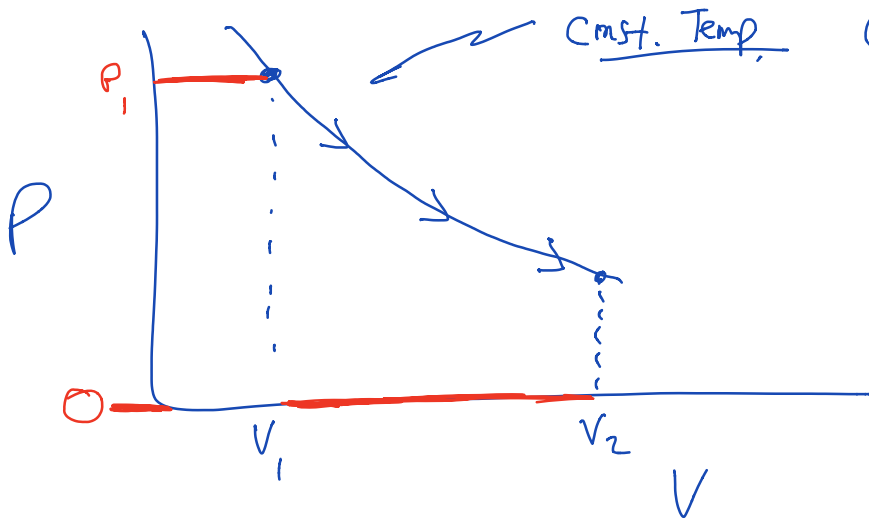
Reversibility

$$A + B \rightleftharpoons C + D$$

T, P
constant

Phase Equilibrium

Ice \rightleftharpoons H₂O



Consider an
Iso T
process

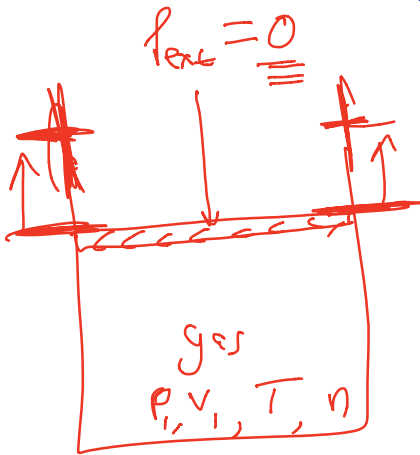
I. G.
EOS

$$\rightarrow pV = nRT$$

$$\boxed{p = nRT \frac{1}{V}}$$

$$\underline{dw = -P_{\text{ext}} dV}$$

system will
do work

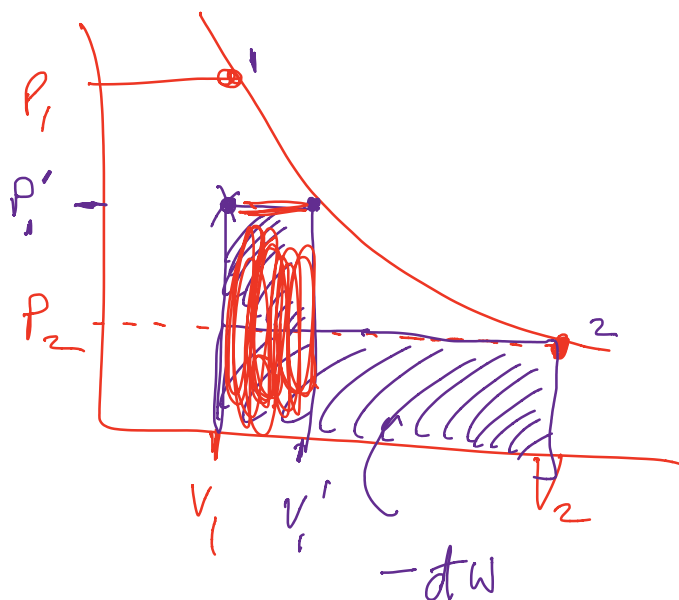
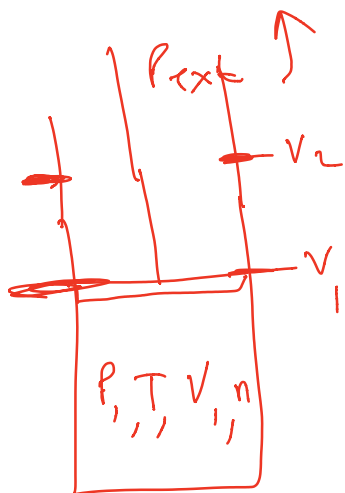


$$P_1 \neq 0$$

$$P_c > 0$$

$$P_{\text{ext}} < P_1$$

$$P_{\text{ext}} \neq 0$$



add another intermediate
Pressure Get more work

