October 31, 2003

Workshop 4: Due November 5 (Wednesday)

1 (4 pts total) Consider an exothermic chemical reaction

$$A(g) + B(g) \rightleftharpoons C(g) + 2D(s)$$

1.00 mole of A and 1.00 mole of B are placed in a 2.00 liter container. After equilibrium has been established, 0.10 mole of C is present in the container.

a) (1 pt) Calculate the equilibrium constant for the reaction.

b) (1 pt) Based on your answer to a), does the equilibrium favor formation of reactants or products?

- c) (2 pts) Suppose that the reaction is at equilibrium. Which direction will the equilibrium shift (i.e., tend to shift toward the formation of reactants, toward the formation of products, or have no effect) if the system is subjected to each of the following changes:
- Stress 1 B is added
- Stress 2 The amount of C is increased
- Stress 3 The temperature is increased
- Stress 4 The amount of D is increased
- **Stress 5** The partial pressure of B is decreased

2. **(2 pts total)** For each of the following reactions, identify the acid, the base, the conjugate base, and the conjugate acid.

(a) 
$$B(OH)_3 + 2 H_2O \rightarrow B(OH)_4^- + H_3O^+$$

(b) 
$$C_2H_5O^- + H_2O \rightarrow C_2H_5OH + OH^-$$

- 3. (4 pts total) Liquid ammonia autoionizes just as water does.
- a) (2 pts) Write a balanced equation for the autoionization process of liquid ammonia.

b) (1 pt) What is the conjugate acid of NH<sub>3</sub>? The conjugate base?

c) (1 pt) If NaNH<sub>2</sub> is dissolved in liquid ammonia, is it an acid or a base?