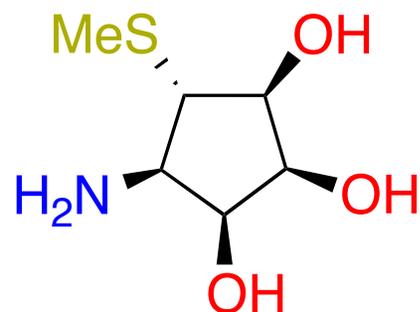
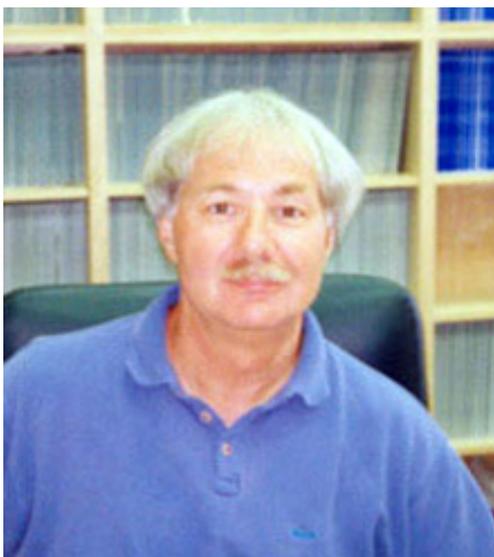


Total Synthesis of (+)-Mannostatin A



Rong Ling and Patrick S. Mariano*
J. Org. Chem. **1998**, *63*, 6072

Kristen DeMeester
March 4, 2014



Patrick S. Mariano

Education

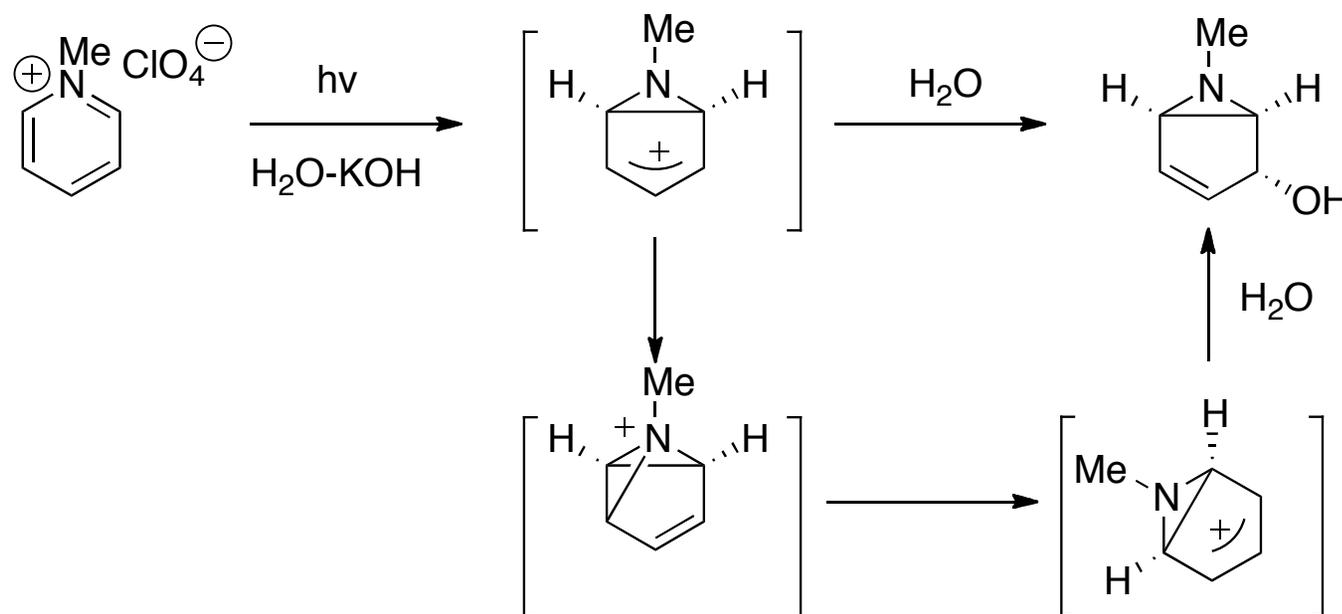
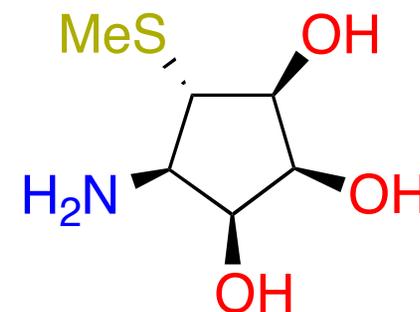
- B.S. in Chemistry, 1964, Fairleigh Dickinson University
- Ph.D. in Chemistry, 1969, **Advisor** H-Zimmerman University of Wisconsin NIH Predoctoral Fellow
The Di- π -Methane Rearrangement. Interaction of Electronically Excited Vinyl Chromophores
- Postdoctoral Fellowship in Chemistry, **Advisor** H-Wasserman 1968-1970, Yale University

Career

- 1970-1976; Assistant Professor, Texas A&M University
- 1976-1979; Associate Professor, Texas A&M University
- 1978; Visiting Professor of Chemistry, Cornell University
- 1979-1997; Professor of Chemistry, University of Maryland
- 1997-present; Professor of Chemistry, University of New Mexico

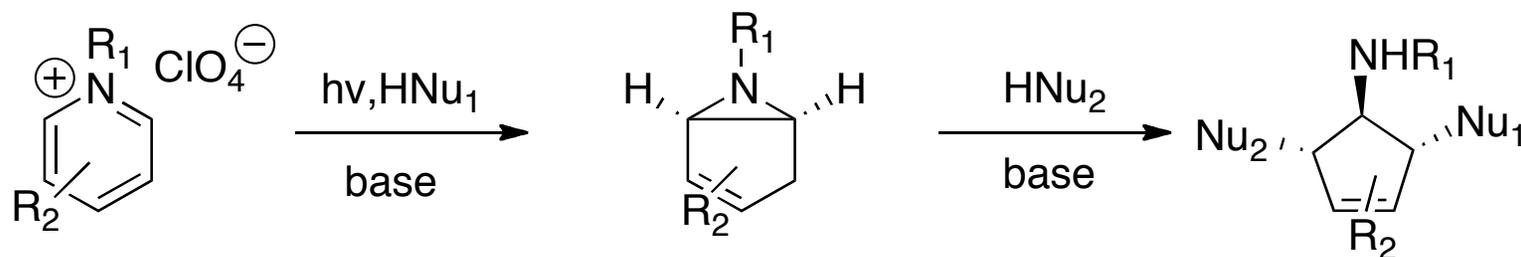
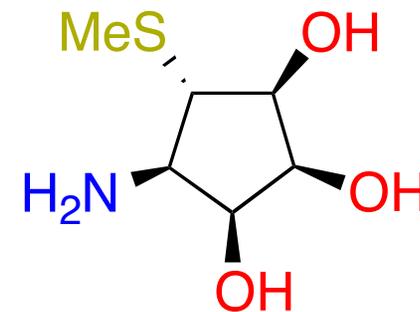
<https://chemistry.unm.edu/people/faculty/members/patrick-mariano.html>

Early Pyridinium Photochemistry Inspiration

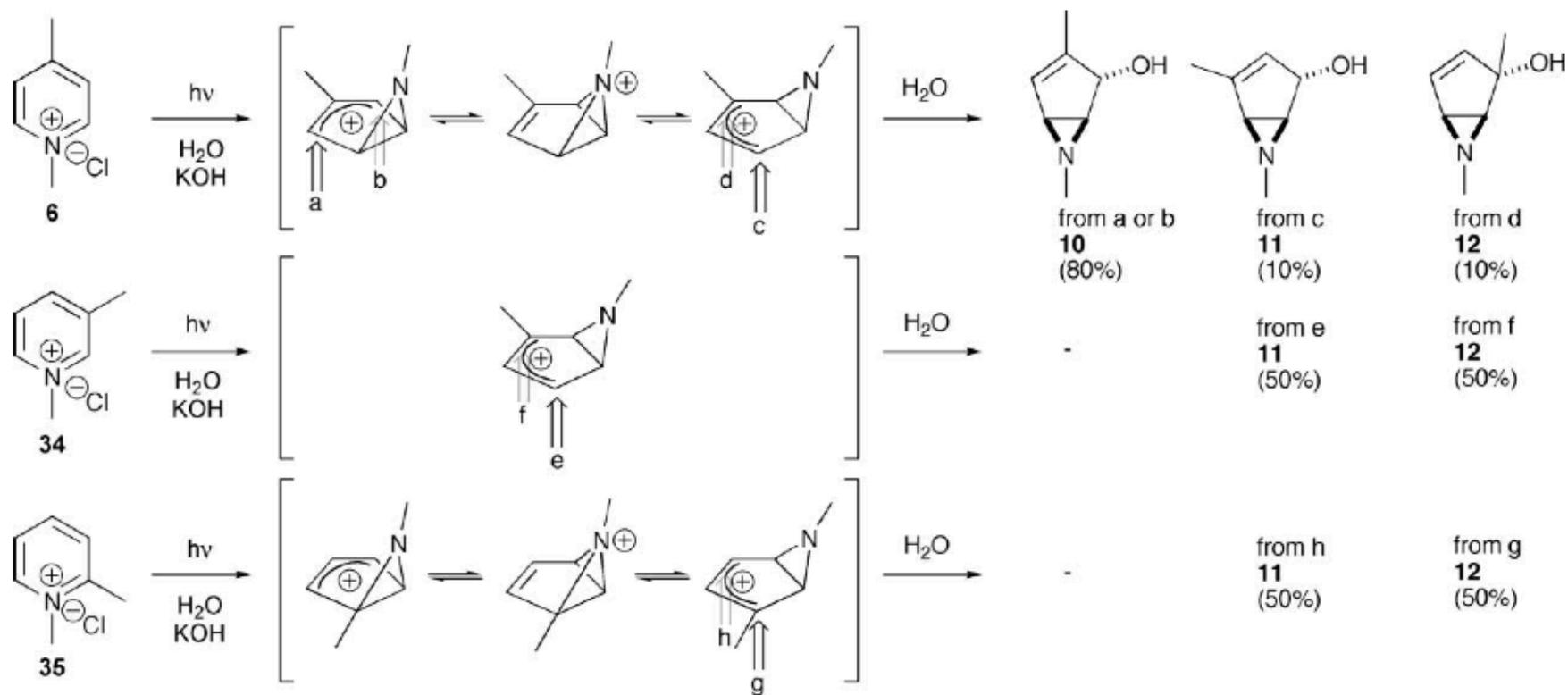


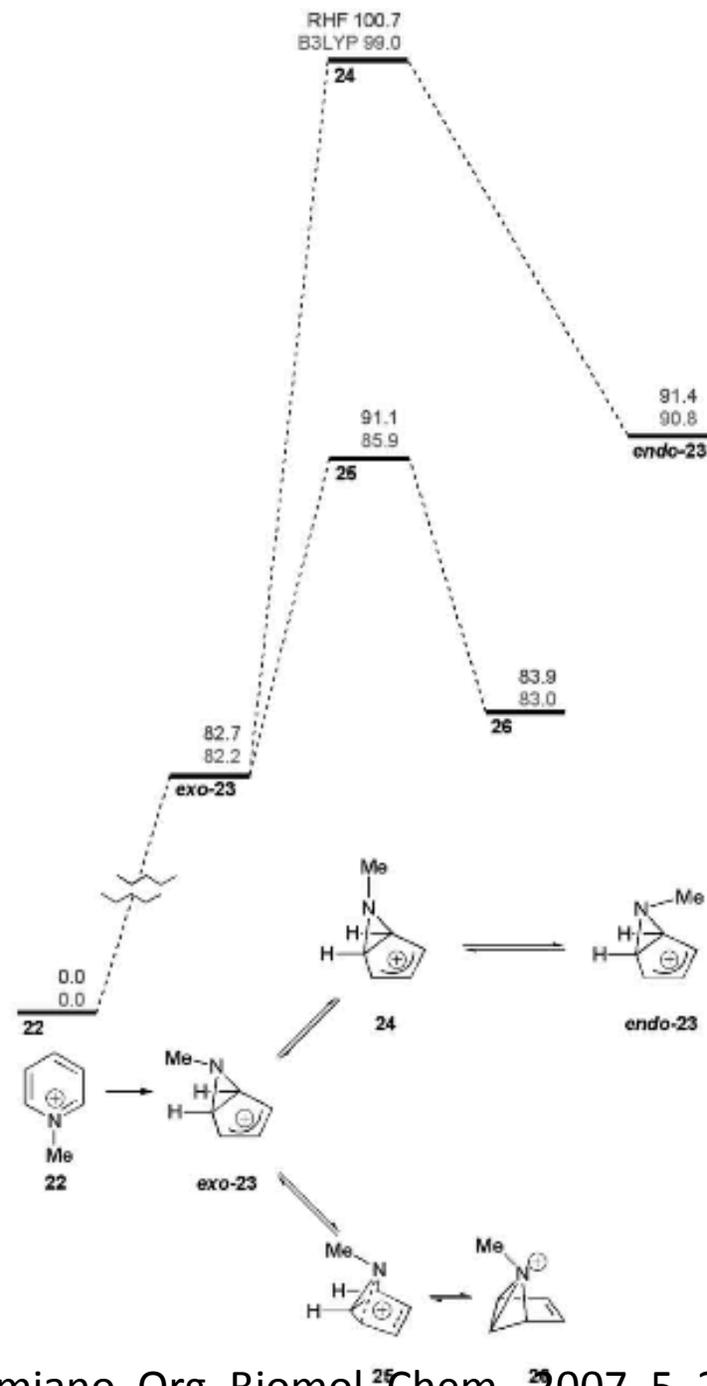
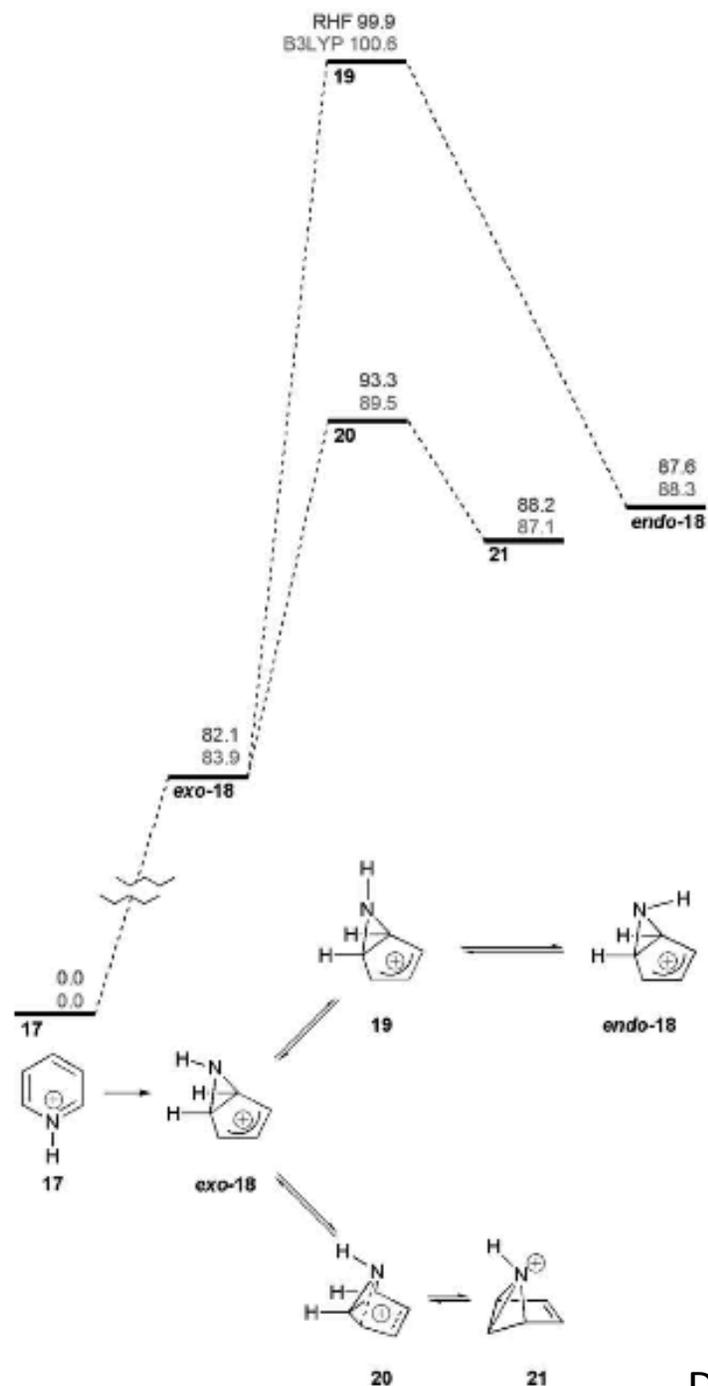
L. Kaplan, J. W. Pavlik and K. E. Wilzbach, Photohydration of Pyridinium Ions, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1972, 94, 3283–3284; Mariano, P. *J. Org. Chem.* **1996**, 61, 4439-4449

Early Pyridinium Photochemistry Inspiration



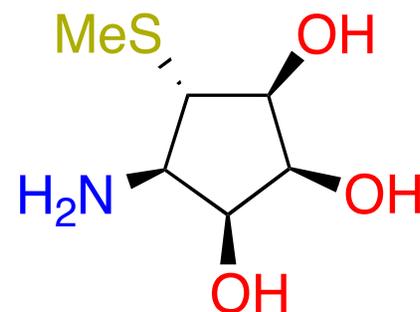
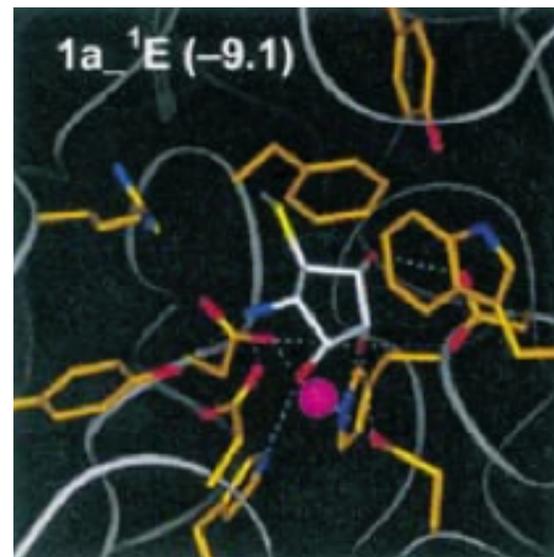
Mechanistic Insight





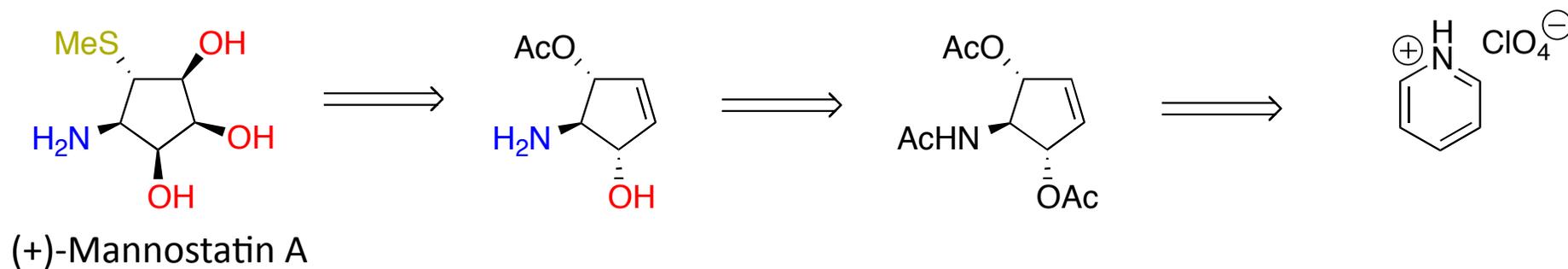
(+)-Mannostatin A

- Metabolite isolated from microorganism *Streptoverticillium verticillus* in 1989
- Competitive inhibitor of glycoprotein-processing enzyme mannosidase II
- Glycosidase inhibitors act as antiviral, antitumor proliferative or immunoregulatory agents

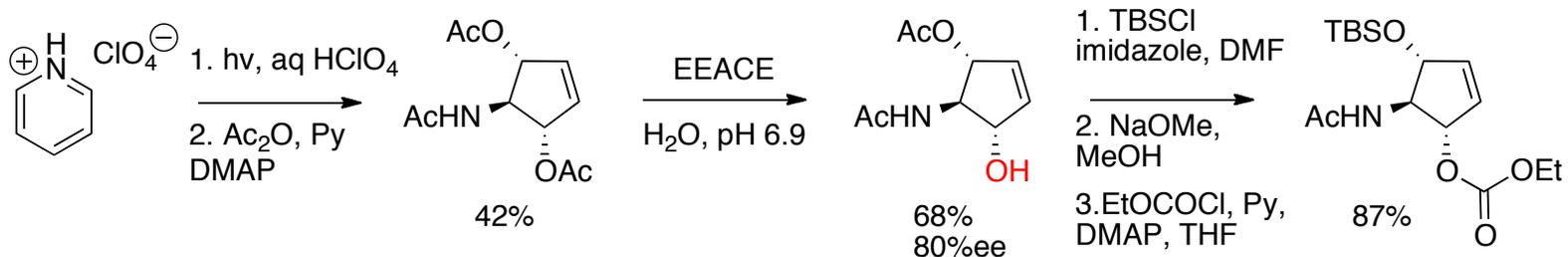


Elbein, Alan. *Biochemistry* 1990, 29, 10062-1 0069; Trost, B. *J. Am. Chem. SOC.*1991, 113, 6317-6318; Kawatkar, S. *ChemBioChem*, 2004, 5, 1220

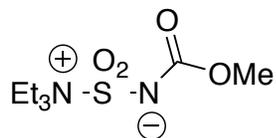
Retrosynthesis



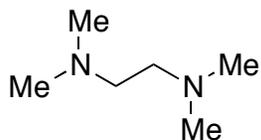
Synthesis of (+)-Mannostatin A



Burgess Reagent



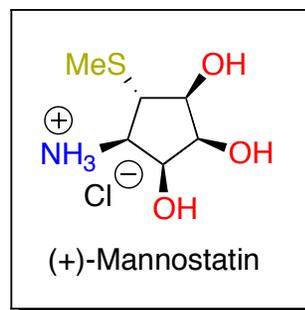
TMEDA=Tetramethylethylenediamine



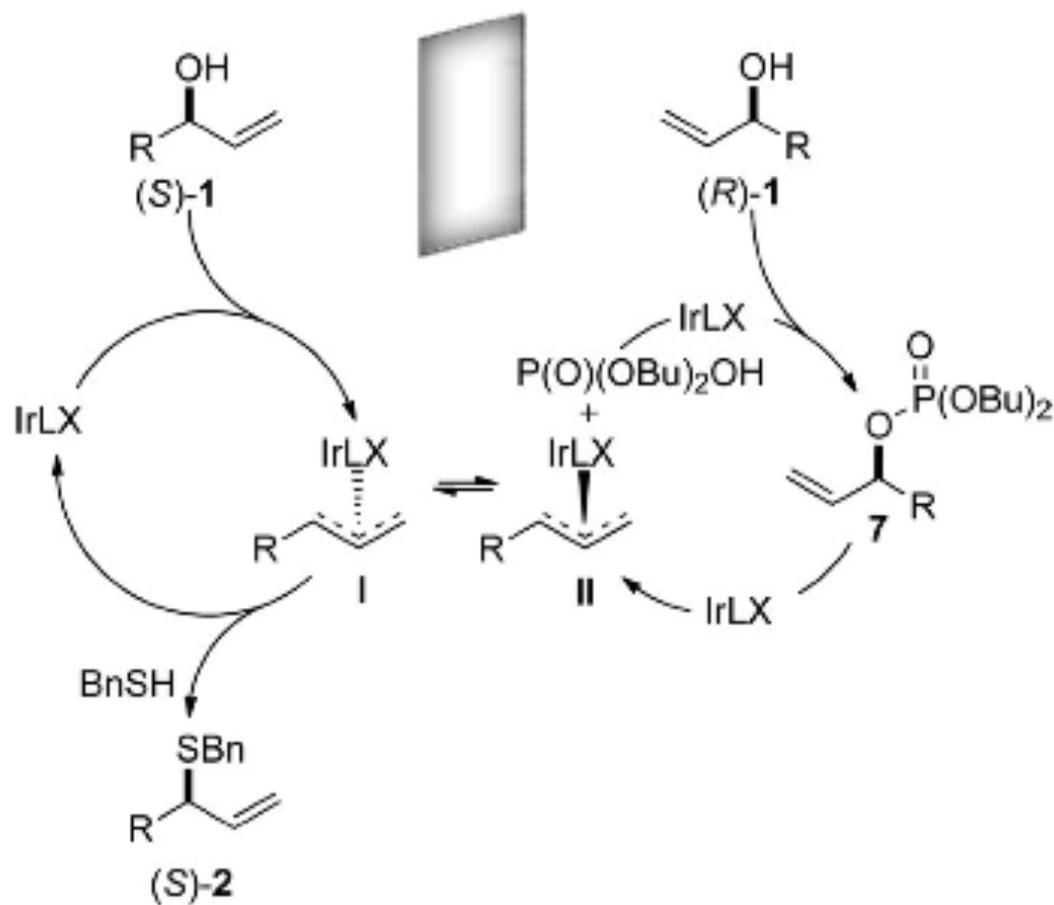
EEACE = Electric Eel Acetylcholine Esterase

1. (dba)₃Pd₂CHCl₃, dppp, TMSSMe, THF
 2. aq. HF

1. Burgess Reagent
 2. OsO₄, TMEDA, DCM
 3. HCl 6M, 100°C
 48%
 91%



Mechanisms

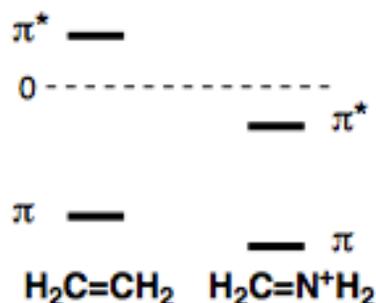


Rationale

Only one photochemical transition possible: $\pi - \pi^*$. Occurs in the UV and visible regions (similar to olefins).

Pyridiniums and phenyl substituted iminiums have long-lived singlet excited states.

HOMO and LUMO π -orbitals much lower than the corresponding olefins.



Ground state reactions observed: nucleophilic attack or deprotonation adjacent to the nitrogen atom.

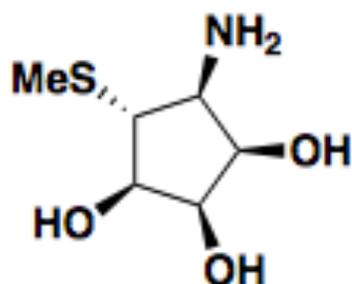
Excited state reactions observed: cis-trans isomerization (C=C not C=N), electrocyclizations, and cycloadditions. Note: Due to the increased electron density on carbon, nucleophilic additions should not be possible. Low LUMO allows easy single-electron reduction to form α -amino radicals.

Great receptors in SET processes. Unique reactivity available for such excited states (depending on ionization energies and electron affinities:

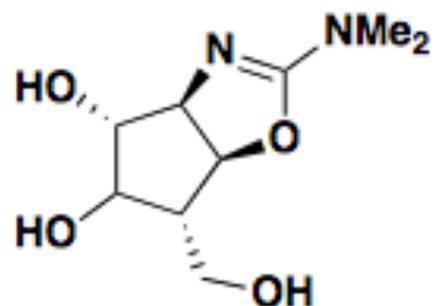


Other Synthetic Applications

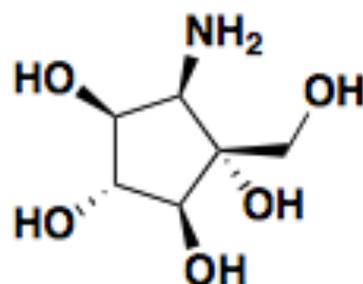
- Mannostatin A
(*J. Org. Chem.* **1998**, *63*, 6072)



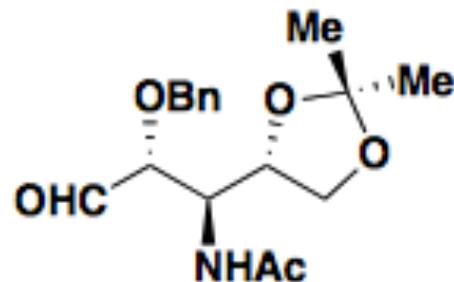
- Allosamizoline
(*Tetrahedron Lett.* **2001**, *42*, 4755)



- Trehazolamine
(*J. Org. Chem.* **2005**, *70*, 5618)



- Protected Pentoses
(*J. Org. Chem.* **2002**, *67*, 3525).



Summary

- Route to synthesize (+)-Mannostatin A highlights pyridinium salt photochemistry
 - » Concise, economical
- 11 Step synthesis with overall 11% yield
- Stereo & regioselectivity used to prepare other biologically active natural products

Questions

Early Pyridinium Photochemistry – backup cis,trans

