



# Gregor Mendel (1822-1884)

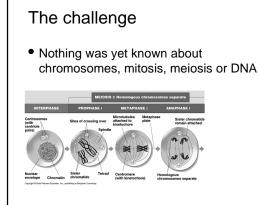
- Augustinian monk
- Lived and worked in Brunn, Austria – (Brno in Czech Republic)
- Studied inheritance of 7 different traits in pea plants
- Published "Experiments in Plant Hybrids" in 1866

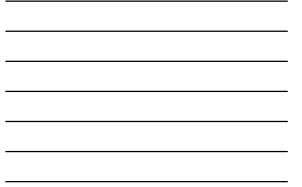


## The questions

- Do both parents contribute equally to the traits of the offspring?
- Are the traits present in the offspring a result of the blending of parental traits?







# Mendel's approach

@ • @

© 2003

Pod

- Started with true-breeding parents of opposite phenotypes
- Studied traits (phenotypes) with distinct forms
- Initially studied one trait at a time (monohybrid cross), eventually followed two traits simultaneously (dihybrid cross)

#### Mendel's approach (cont'd) Followed plants over several generations over Ľ several years Used statistics and ۲ principles of probability to

Dwarf

analyze data (large sample sizes)

#### Mendel's explanation

- Organisms carry 2 genes for each trait, one from each parent
- Only one of these genes is packaged into each gamete (the 2 alleles of a gene separate from each other during gamete formation)

#### Mendel's explanation (cont'd)

• The inheritance of one trait does not influence the inheritance of a second trait (if the genes for the two traits are on different chromosomes)

# What are we doing in lab?

- A dihybrid cross using Wisconsin Fast Plants
- We will examine the inheritance of 2 traits:
  - Stem color: Anthocyanin pigment production (purple stems); no anthocyanin pigments (green stems)
  - Leaf color: green leaves; yellow-
  - green leaves

## Week 1: Planting seeds

How were the seeds obtained?

True-breeding parents of opposite phenotypes were crossed

Х

F<sub>1</sub>

PPGG Purple stems, green leaves

Р

ppgg Green stems, yellow-green leaves

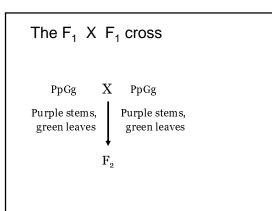
The seeds you plant represent the F<sub>1</sub>

## Expectations

- What do you expect the phenotype of the F<sub>1</sub> plants to be ?
  - Will the stems be green or purple, or will we see some of both?
  - Will the leaves be yellow-green or green, or will we see some of both?
- The genotype?

# The F<sub>1</sub> plants

- Mendel's work showed us that the F<sub>1</sub> offspring receive genes from each parent and will exhibit the dominant traits.
  - Genotype: PpGg
  - Phenotype: purple stems and green leaves



## Expectations

- The seeds produced in the *F*<sub>1</sub> X *F*<sub>1</sub> mating represent the *F*<sub>2</sub> offspring.
- What phenotypes and genotypes do you expect to observe in the F<sub>2</sub> seedlings?

# Acknowledgments

Illustrations credited to Pearson Education have been borrowed from BIOLOGY: CONCEPTS AND CONNECTIONS 4th Edition, by Campbell, Reece, Mitchell, and Taylor, ©2003. These images have been produced from the originals by permission of the publisher. These illustrations may not be reproduced in any format for any purpose without express written permission from the publisher.