

Can Iron Burn?



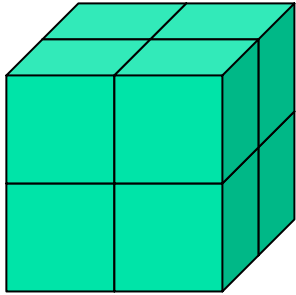
Mr. Ekiert
Department of Physics
University of Delaware

It's a Question of Size

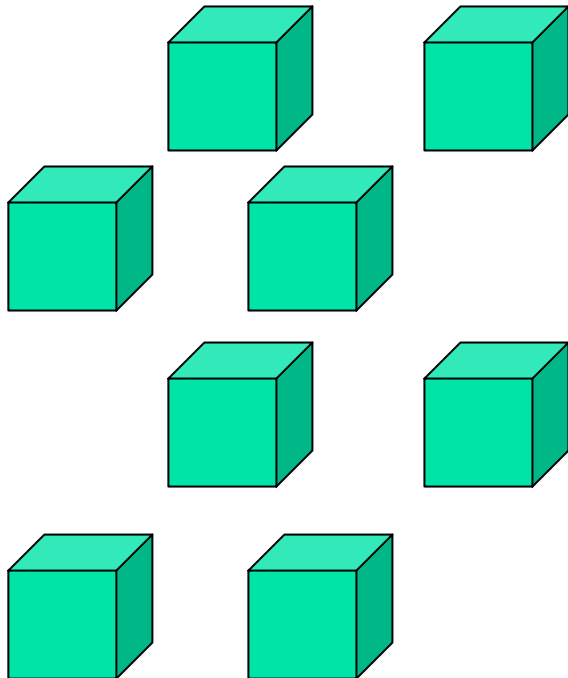
- “Normal” sized iron would never burn, but what happens if we divide it into small pieces?



Why Does This Happen?

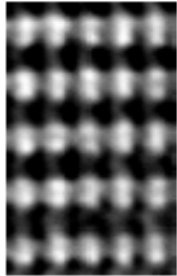


When these eight cubes are assembled into one large cube, only the outside surface of the large cube is exposed to the air. ($4 \times 6 = 24$ square lengths)



But if I break up the large cube, each small cube exposes *all* of its surfaces to the air and rusting occurs much more quickly!
(Area = $6 \times 8 = 48$ square lengths)

So Where do I Work?



Atoms of silicon
spacing 0.078 nm



DNA
~2-1/2 nm diameter 5 nm



Tom's Particles
500 nm



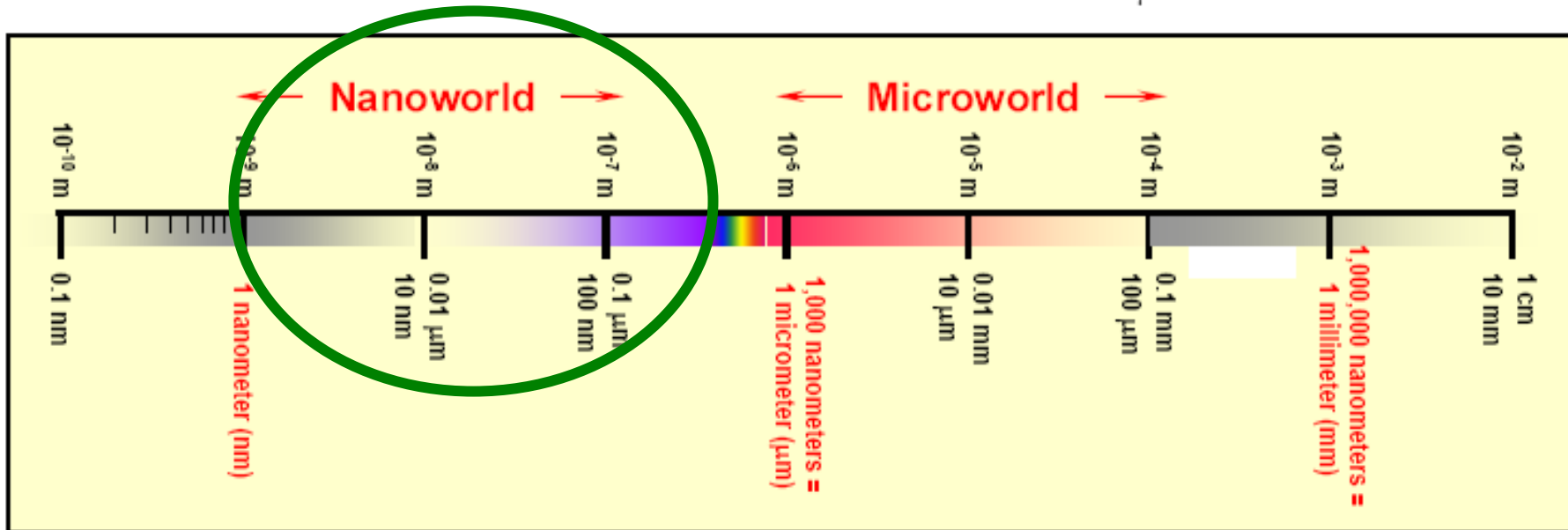
Red blood cells
(~7-8 μm)



Human hair
~50-120 μm wide



Ant
~5 mm



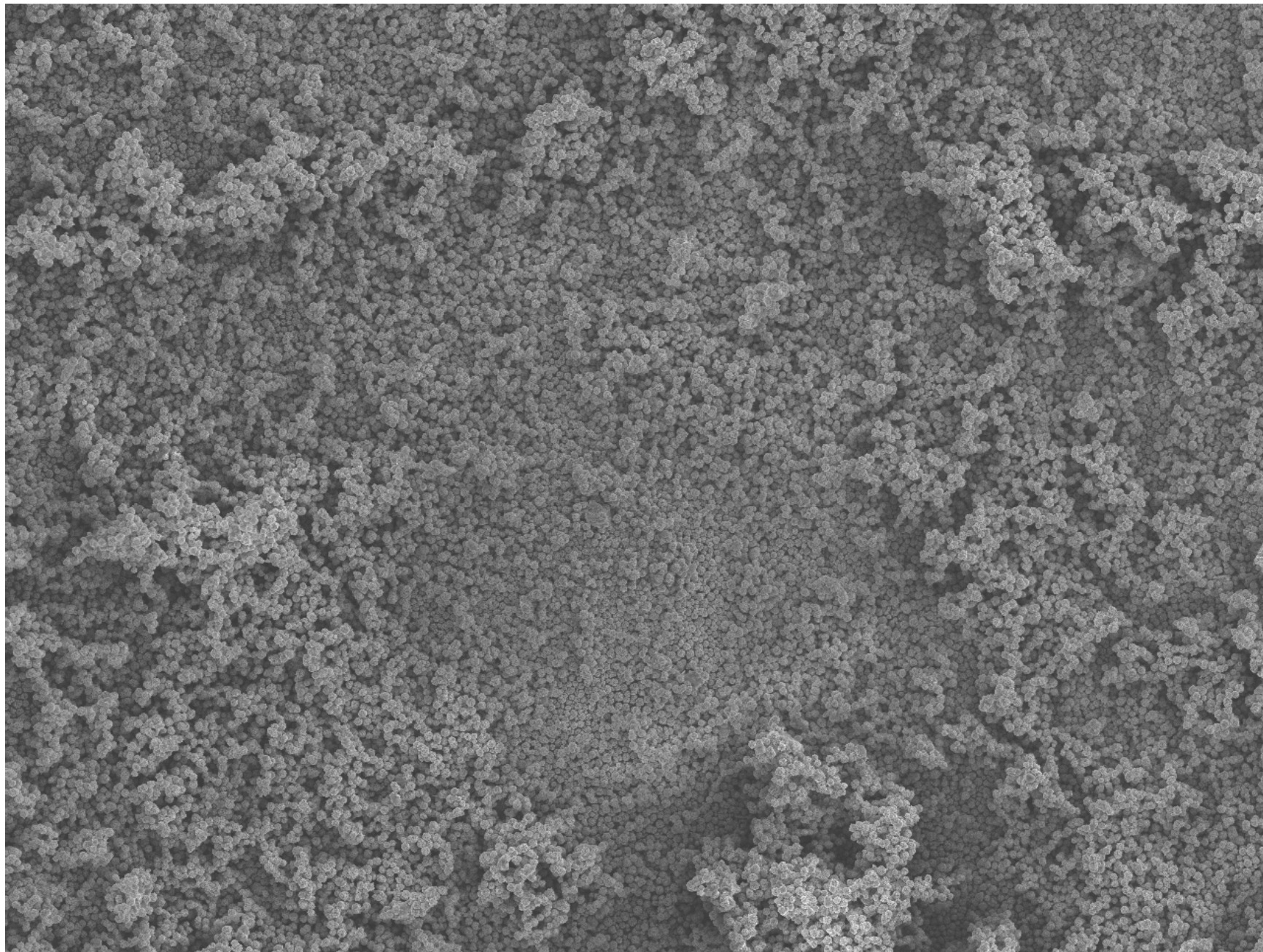
Images adapted from http://www.er.doe.gov/bes/scale_of_things.html

But How Small is This?

- A human hair is about 50 micrometers thick.
- My particles are more than 1,000 times smaller!
- What's this mean?

If my average particle were the size of a meterstick, then a human hair would be *more than half a mile* thick!

So let's take a look!



NONE

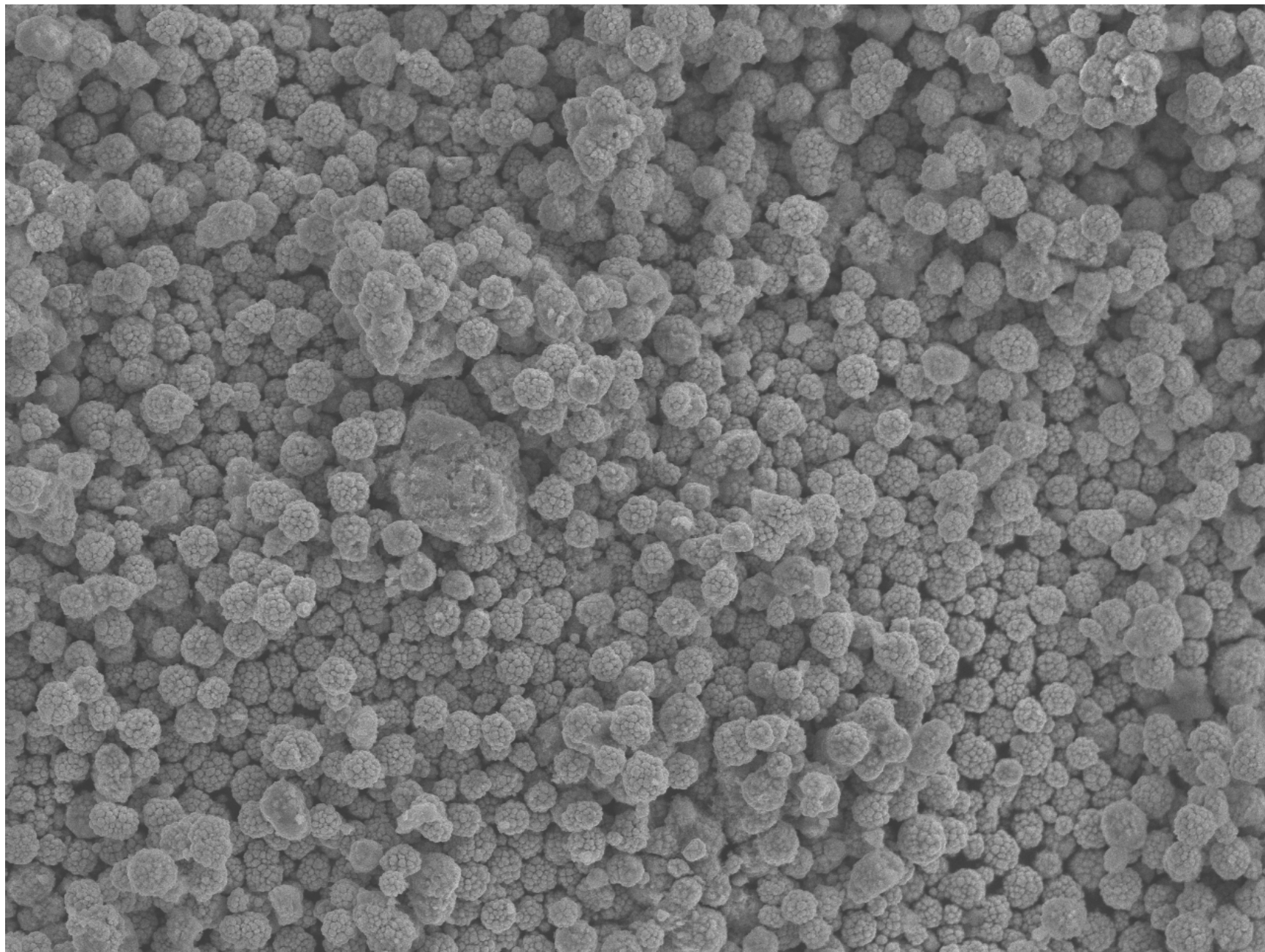
SEI

5.0kV

X1,000

10μm

WD 15.0mm



NONE

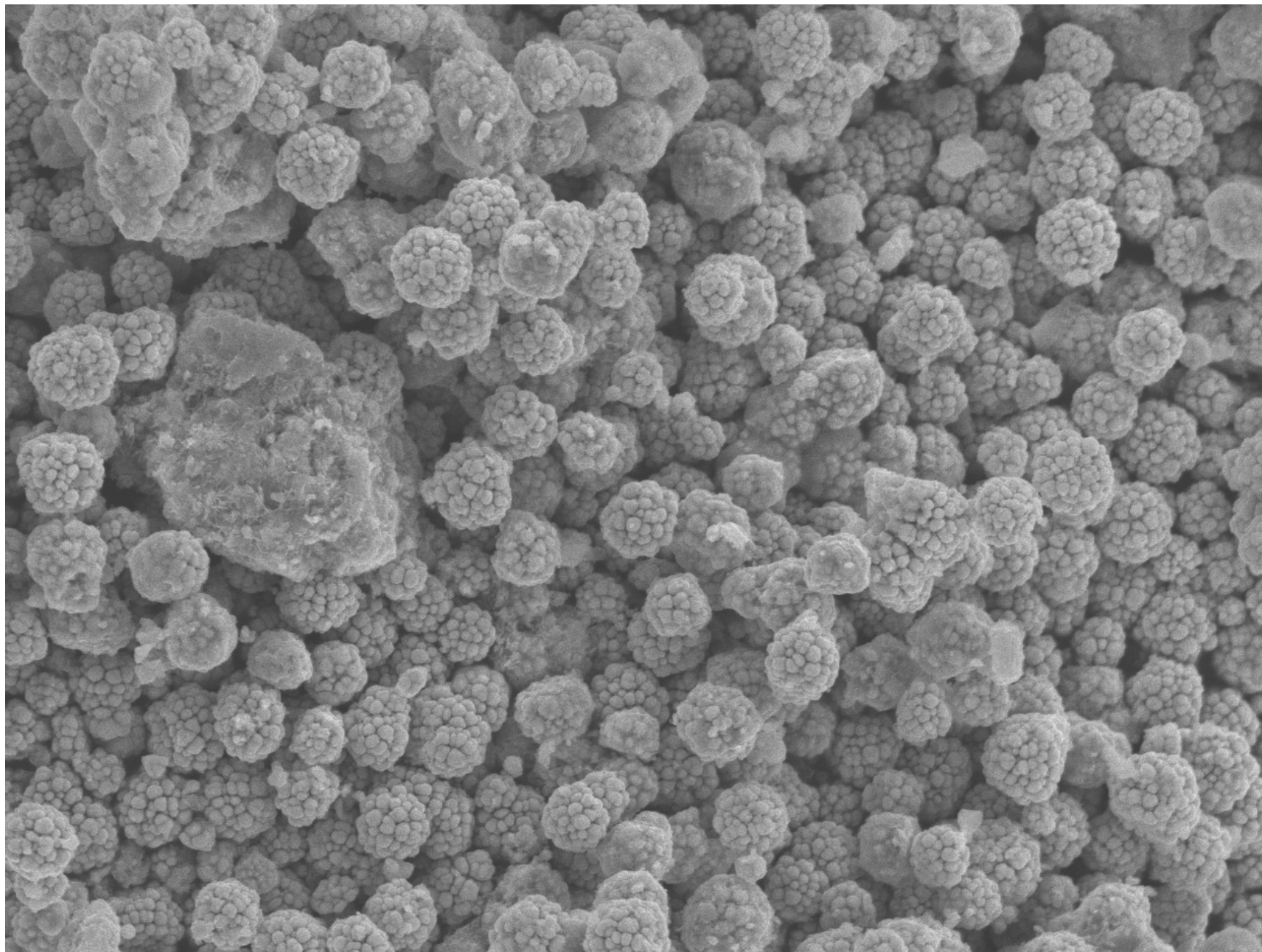
SEI

5.0kV

X5,000

1 μ m

WD 15.0mm



NONE

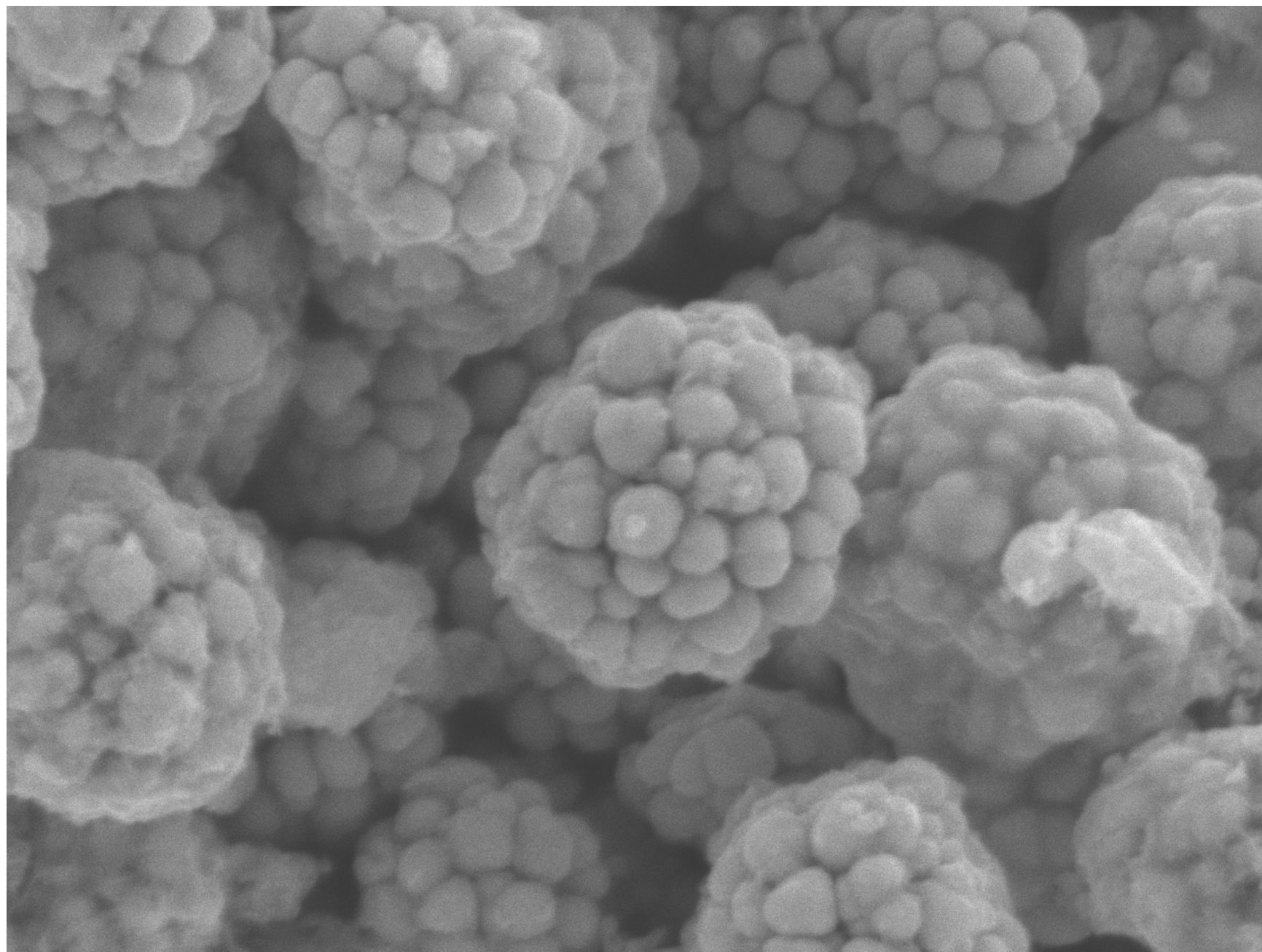
SEI

5.0kV

X10,000

1 μ m

WD 15.0mm



NONE

SEI

5.0kV

X50,000

100nm

WD 15.0mm

How is it Useful?

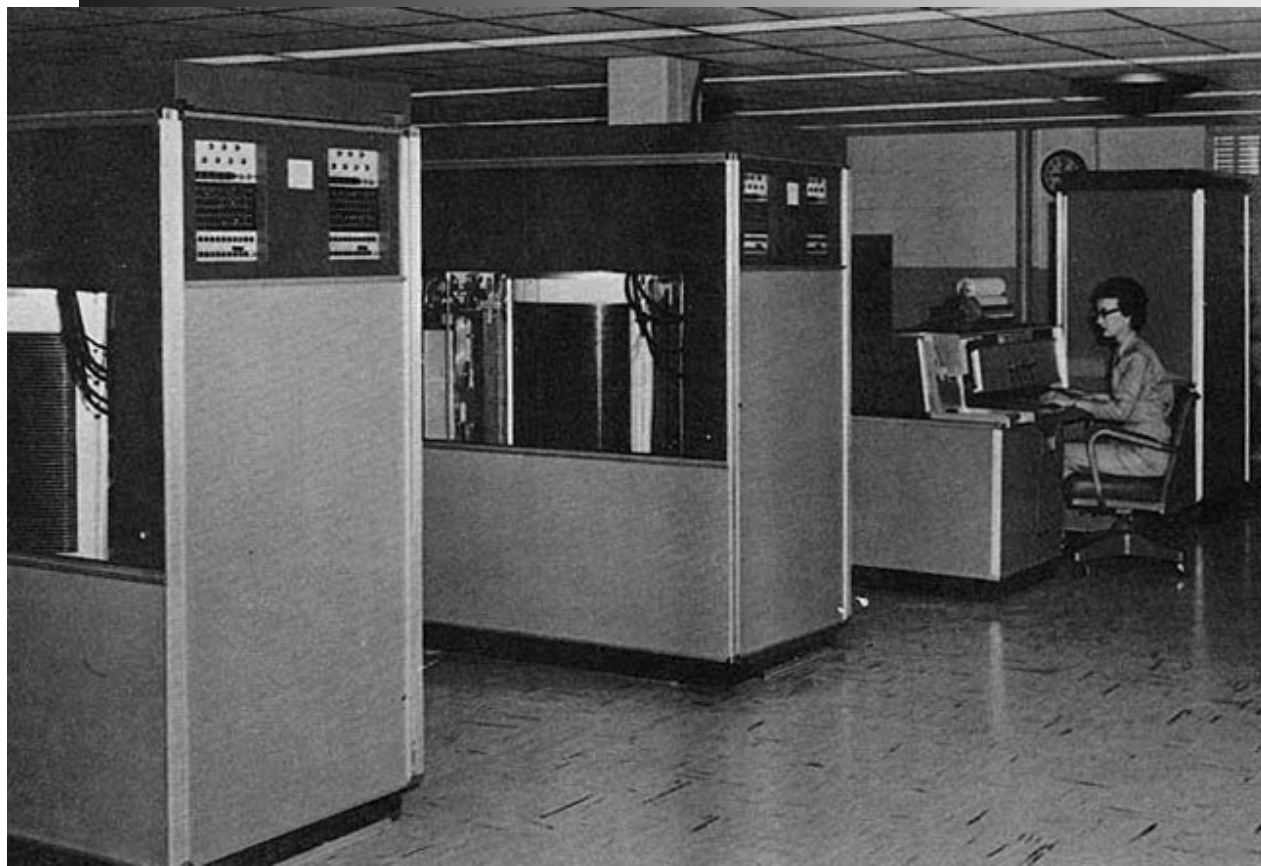


This is a platter from the first model of hard drive, released in 1956.

It is two feet across and stores 0.1 megabytes.

There are many small particles in the coating on this hard disk drive. If we can make the particles smaller then we can store more data!

I Said, How is it Useful?



Capacity:
Two songs

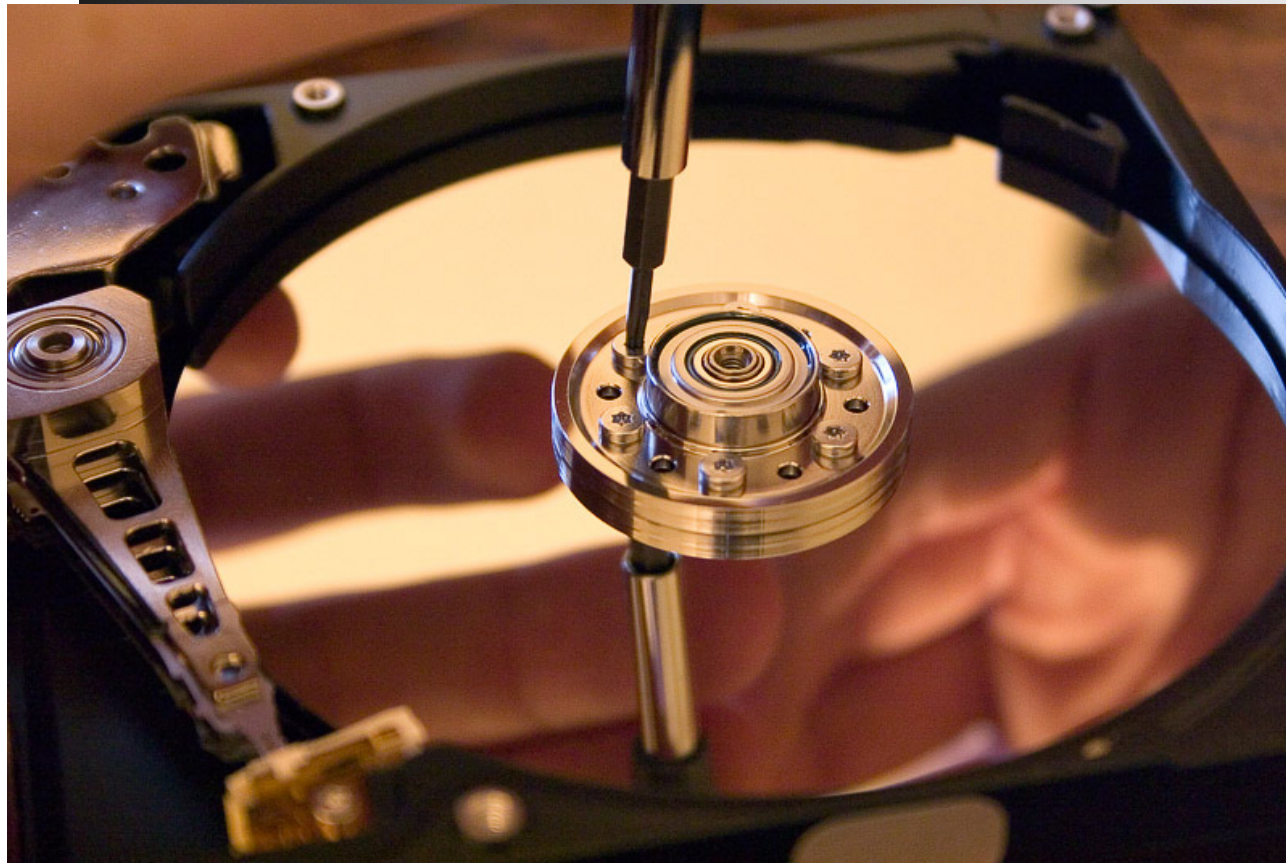
Approximate Size:
A refrigerator

Weight:
About one ton

Cost: \$250,000 lease per year!

Cost per song: \$125,000!

Really Though, How is it Useful?



Capacity:
400,000 Songs

Approximate Size:
A tissue box

Weight:
Six pounds

Cost: \$250, it's not a lease, you own it!

Cost per song: 1/16 of a cent.

Is That It?



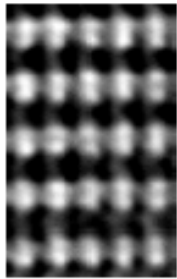
An MRI watches how your cells respond to an alternating magnetic field. If we put small iron particles inside you, we can see your cells better!

Images from:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Modern_3T_MRI.JPG

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:MRI_head_saggital.jpg

So Why Else is Size Important?



Atoms of silicon
spacing 0.078 nm



DNA
~2-1/2 nm diameter



Tom's Particles
500 nm



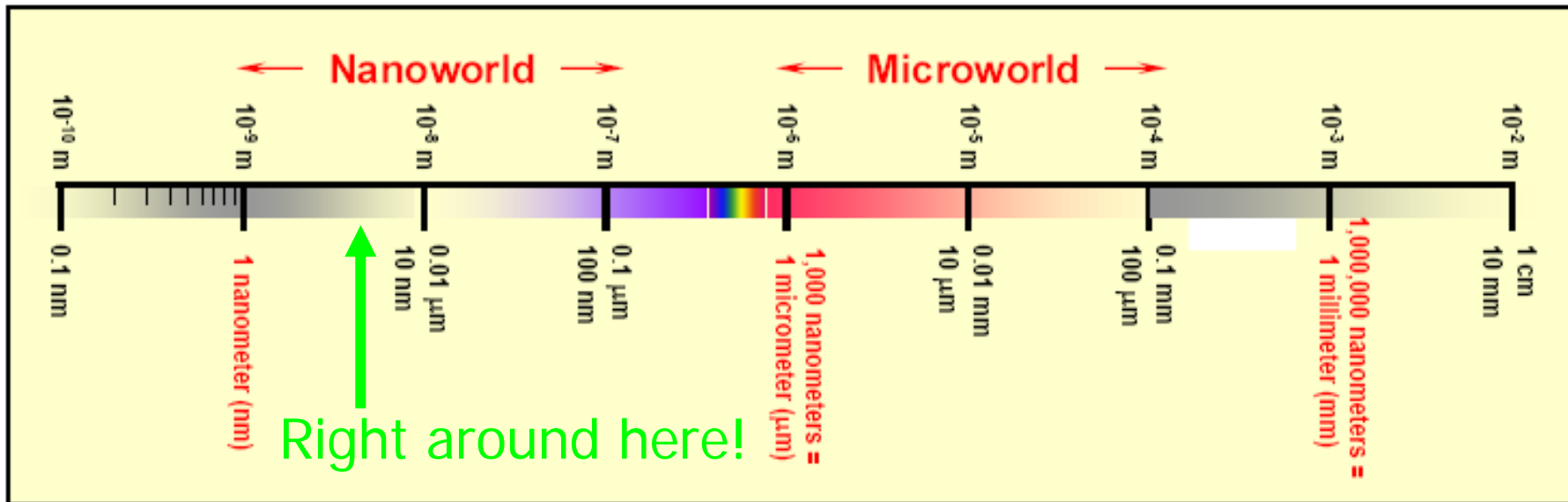
Red blood cells
(~7-8 μm)



Human hair
~50-120 μm wide



Ant
~5 mm



As iron gets smaller and smaller it can burn, but its also true that as it gets smaller and smaller, it will stop being magnetic!

This page...

...was left blank intentionally!

About Me:



About Me:

Grade: 23rd.

Why? To get a PhD in Physics.

Why? To get a job as a college/university professor.
(Or maybe work for the government.)

Why? To have a job that both pays the bills and isn't boring.

What do I like to do when I'm not working?
ROAD TRIPS!

What is my favorite road trip?

Skipping school in senior year of high school to see Pink Floyd in concert.



My Favorite Place:

