## CNUTIOL:Gravily otwork

## What is Gravity?

- Write down anything you may know about gravity.
- Any examples of gravity
- Where you may find it or not find it!


## What is Gravity?

- Gravity is an attraction that acts between any two objects that have a mass.
- However, this is only significant if one or both of the objects are very massive (like a planet, star, or moon).


## An example of Gravity

- Gravity is why an apple falls from a tree.
- Why?
- Every object applies a gravitational force to every other object.
- When an apple falls (after the stem breaks) because the gravitational force between the apple and earth is much greater than the gravitational force between the apple and the tree.


## Differences Between Gravity and Friction

- The force of gravity acts even when objects are not touching.
- The force of friction can never make an object speed up!
- Friction always points opposite the direction of motion, but sometimes gravity points in the direction of motion.


## Mass and Distance

- Mass and Distance affect Gravitational Force.
- The force of gravity between two objects depends on their masses and on the distance between the two objects.


## More about Gravity

- The greater the mass of an object, the larger the gravitational force it applies on other objects.
- Also, as the distance between two objects increases, the gravitational force between them decreases.


## Gravitational Force

## Formula

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{G}}=\frac{\mathrm{G} \times \text { mass }_{1} \times \text { mass }_{2}}{\text { distance }^{2}} \\
& \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{G}}=\frac{\mathrm{G} \times \mathrm{m}_{1} \times \mathrm{m}_{2}}{\mathrm{~d}^{2}}
\end{aligned}
$$



My name is Sir Isaac Newton and I figured this out!
$d$ is the distance between the centers of the two objects.

G is called the "gravitation constant" it equals $6.673 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{x} \mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2}$ and makes the units right!

## More about Gravity

## Gravity is the reason why weight and mass

 are two different measurements!!!Mass is related to the amount of matter in an object.

Weight = the force of gravity pulling on any object. (w=mxg)

So...which one would change if you were on the moon? Why?
Weight, because the force of gravity pulling on an object on the moon is only $1 / 6$ of that on the Earth!

## QUESTION????

- Which pair has more gravitational force...you and your neighbor or you and the earth?
- How? (Use the formula... $F_{G}=G \times m_{1} \times m_{2} / d^{2}$ )
- You ( 60.4 kg ) and your neighbor ( 70.5 kg ) and $\mathrm{d}=1.5 \mathrm{~m}$

$$
F_{G}=\frac{\left(6.673 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{~N} \times \mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2}\right) \times 70.5 \mathrm{~kg} \times 60.4 \mathrm{~kg}}{(1.5 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}=1.26 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~N}
$$

- You ( 60.4 kg ) and the earth $\left(5.9742 \times 10^{24} \mathrm{~kg}\right)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - But what is your weight? }
\end{aligned}
$$

## The Acceleration Due to Gravity:

- We can calculate it! At ground level:

What's this?
$9.80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}=\mathrm{g}$
But we can calculate " 9 " anywhere, caused by any object with mass!

$$
g=\frac{G \times m}{d^{<}}
$$

## The Acceleration Due to Gravity:

- How does g change with altitude?

| Altitude $(\mathrm{m})$ | Distance From <br> the Center of <br> the Earth $(\mathrm{m})$ | g due to the <br> Earth's Gravity <br> $\left(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{\wedge} 2\right)$ | What has This Altitude? |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

## The Acceleration Due to Gravity:

- So what is $g$ for the moon, on the surface of the moon?

$$
\begin{gathered}
g_{\text {moon }}=\frac{G \times m_{\text {moon }}}{\left(d_{\text {moon }}\right)^{2}} \\
g_{\text {moon }}=\frac{\left(6.673 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{~N} \times \mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2}\right) \times\left(7.3477 \times 10^{22} \mathrm{~kg}\right)}{(1737100 \mathrm{~m})^{2}} \\
\mathrm{~g}_{\text {moon }}=1.62 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}
\end{gathered}
$$

## Gravity Practice Problems

1) $\begin{aligned} & m_{1}=15 \mathrm{~kg} \\ & \mathrm{~m}_{2}=996 \mathrm{~kg} \\ & d=596 \mathrm{~m}\end{aligned}$
2) $m_{1}=600 \mathrm{~kg}$ $m_{2}=72,684 \mathrm{~kg}$ $d=30 \mathrm{~m}$
3) $\mathrm{m}_{1}=232 \mathrm{~kg}$
$m_{2}=9,456 \mathrm{~kg}$
$d=56 \mathrm{~m}$
4) $m_{1}=7.35 \times 10^{22} \mathrm{~kg}$
$\mathrm{m}_{2}=5.97 \times 10^{25} \mathrm{~kg}$
$\mathrm{d}=3.84 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m}$


| D | U | F | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & m_{1}=232 \mathrm{~kg} \\ & m_{2}=9,456 \mathrm{~kg} \\ & \mathrm{~d}=56 \mathrm{~m} \\ & \\ & \mathrm{G}=6.673 \times 10^{-11} \\ & \mathrm{~N} * \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $F_{G}=\frac{G \times m_{1} \times m_{2}}{d^{2}}$ | $F_{G}=\frac{G \times m_{1} \times m_{2}}{d^{2}}$ |
| S | $\begin{aligned} & F_{G}=\frac{(6.673}{} \\ & F_{G}=\frac{(1.46}{} \\ & F_{G}=4.67 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left.\quad \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{~N} \times \mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2}\right) \\ & (56 \mathrm{~m})^{2} \\ & \left.\times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~N} \times \mathrm{m}^{2}\right) \\ & \times 136 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \\ & \times 1 \mathrm{~N}^{-8} \mathrm{~N} \end{aligned}$ | $\times 232 \quad \mathrm{~kg} \quad \times 9456 \quad \mathrm{~kg}$ |


| D | U | F | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & m_{1}= \\ & 600 \mathrm{~kg} \\ & \mathrm{~m}_{2}= \\ & 72,684 \mathrm{~kg} \\ & \mathrm{~d}=30 \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{G}= \\ & 6.673 \times 10^{-11} \\ & \mathrm{~N}^{*} \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $F_{G}=\frac{G \times m_{1} \times m_{2}}{d^{2}}$ | $F_{G}=\frac{G \times m_{1} \times m_{2}}{d^{2}}$ |
| S | $\begin{aligned} & F_{G}=\frac{(6.673}{} \\ & F_{G}=\frac{(2.91}{} \\ & F_{G}=3.23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\left.\times 100^{-11} N \times m^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2}\right)}{(30 \mathrm{~m})} \\ & \frac{\left.10 \mathrm{~N}^{-3} \mathrm{~N} \times \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)}{10 \mathrm{~m}^{2}} \\ & 10{ }^{-6} \mathrm{~N} \end{aligned}$ | $600 \quad \mathrm{~kg} \times 72684 \quad \mathrm{~kg}$ |


| D | U | $F$ | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m}_{1}= \\ & 7.35 \times 10^{22} \mathrm{~kg} \\ & \mathrm{~m}_{2}= \\ & 5.97 \times 10^{25} \mathrm{~kg} \\ & \mathrm{~d}= \\ & 3.84 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} \\ & \mathrm{G}=6.673 \times 10^{-11} \\ & \quad \mathrm{~N} * \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $F_{G}=\frac{G \times m_{1} \times m_{2}}{d^{2}}$ | $F_{G}=\frac{G \times m_{1} \times m_{2}}{d^{2}}$ |

S
$F_{G}=\frac{\left(6.673 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{~N} \times \mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2}\right) \times\left(7.35 \times 10^{22} \mathrm{~kg}\right) \times\left(5.97 \times 10^{25} \mathrm{~kg}\right)}{\left(3.84 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m}\right)^{2}}$
$F_{G}=\frac{\left(3.84 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~N}^{\prime} \times{ }^{2}\right)}{1.47 \times 10^{17} \mathrm{~m}^{2}}$
$F_{G}=1.99 \quad \times 10^{21} \mathrm{~N}$

