General Computer Science for Engineers CISC 106 Lecture 13

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Lecture Overview

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- Midterm Review (March 17, 4:30pm to 7pm) in Gore Hall 318
- Midterm review sheet will be posted online
- Go over labs and class notes
- While loop with complex conditions

Matrix looping cont.

Note: this code is found on the course website under Examples

function [output] = change8to9(inputMatrix)

% changes the first 8 in each row to a 9 in a matrix and returns that altered matrix

%input: matrix

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%output: matrix

lengths = size(inputMatrix); %get size of matrix and store in 1x2 array

fprintf('size of the matrix m by n is ')

disp(lengths)

```
for m = 1:lengths(1)
```

```
for n = 1:lengths(2)
```

if (inputMatrix(m,n) == 8) %if that position equals an 8

inputMatrix(m,n) = 9; %change that position in the matrix to a 9 using an assignment statement

break; %break out of this inner FOR loop

end %ends the IF

end %ends the inner FOR loop

end %ends the outer FOR loop

output = inputMatrix; %assign the matrix to the output value (or in other words, "return the (possibly) altered matrix")

end %end the function

For loop and break statement

- break; lets us stop a for loop before it would normally stop
- However, break; statement makes for unclear code and should be avoided
- What to use instead?
- While loop

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While Loop

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- while (logical expression) %block of code to execute end
- First, the logical expression is tested.
- If it is true, we do one iteration of the loop.
- If it is false, we go to the next line after the 'end' statement.
- After every iteration of the loop, we test the logical expression again to see if it is still true.

While loop

 How many times will these run?
 while (true) %here true is the matlab constant 'true' %do something
 end
 %it runs forever

while (false) %here false is the matlab constant 'false' %do something

End

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%never goes inside the while loop

• If we use a counter, we can do the same thing as a FOR loop

While loop with counter

for counter = 1:2:11
 disp(counter);
end

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• The following while loop produces the same exact output

```
counter = I;
while(counter <= II)
  disp(counter);
  counter = counter + 2;
end
```

ChangeOnlyOne8to9.m Warning , this code will produce an infinite loop on purpos

- function [output] = changeOnlyOne8to9(inputMatrix)
- %changes only the first 8 to a 9 in a matrix and returns that altered matrix
- %(The matrix is traversed row by row.)
- %input: matrix
- %output: matrix
- lengths = size(inputMatrix); %get size of matrix and store in 1x2 array
- eightNotSeenYet = true; %initialize flag to true
- m = 1; %initialize m to 1
- n = 1; %initialize n to 1
- while(eightNotSeenYet & (m < lengths(1)))
- n = 1; %reset n to 1 as we begin a new row
- while(eightNotSeenYet & (n < lengths(2)))
- if (inputMatrix(m,n) == 8) %if that position equals an 8
- inputMatrix(m,n) = 9; %change that position in the matrix to a 9 \
- using an assignment statement
 - eightNotSeenYet = false; %set flag to false
- end %ends the IF
- end %ends the inner While loop
- end %ends the outer While loop
- output = inputMatrix; %assign the matrix to the output value (or in other word\
- s, "return the (possibly) altered matrix")
- end %end the function

Matrix loops

- How to break out of an infinite loop?
- Ctrl-C
- (Note: Ctrl C will also end processes on the unix command line if they are running too long and you want them to stop.)
- Other examples
- How to loop through a matrix and set the entire diagonal (starting at 1,1) to zero?
- Is that easier to do with FOR loops or while loops?
- How to write a loop to sum the elements in a matrix x.